



INSTITUTO SAN ÁNGEL INN
THIRD TRIMESTER ENGLISH GUIDE
EIGHTH GRADE

NAME _____ DATE _____

INSTRUCTIONS: FOR EACH QUESTION SELECT THE CORRECT SENTENCE.

UNIT 4

Vocabulary Personality Adjectives.

1. My cousin loves inventing stories. She is really _____.
A responsible B practical C imaginative D organised
2. My friend is always thinking up new ideas. She's very _____.
A responsible B imaginative C practical D organised
3. Sarah takes care of her little brother every day. She is very _____.
A responsible B careless C nervous D shy
4. You can trust her to do the right thing. She's very _____.
A responsible B confident C imaginative D practical
5. He's so _____ that he never doubts that he will succeed in everything he does.
A imaginative B organised C confident D practical
6. Gary is very _____. I always ask him to fix things for me.
A practical B responsible C imaginative D confident
7. Anna always finishes her homework on time because she is very _____.
A organised B shy C careless D rude
8. Mark believes he can win the competition because he is very _____.
A practical B confident C lazy D impatient
9. My dad is very _____. He always repairs things around the house.
A confident B practical C organised D imaginative

Vocabulary Common Adverbial Phrases

1. We finished the test in _____ because the teacher was waiting.
A a hurry B public C private D purpose
2. We won the volleyball championship three times in _____.
A public B a hurry C a row D purpose
3. I broke the glass by _____.
A row B purpose C accident D private
4. Why are you in _____? There's no need to rush.
A private B a row C a hurry D accident
5. We were running late, and in _____ about missing our plane.
A a panic B a hurry C a row D purpose
6. I hate it when my parents argue in _____.
A accident B public C purpose D private
7. No, I didn't do that on _____.
A private B accident C purpose D panic
8. We arrived at the airport just in _____.
A row B time C public D panic
9. She told me the secret in _____.
A public B private C purpose D row
10. They were shouting at each other in _____.
A a row B accident C a hurry D purpose

Grammar Be / Get used to (ing) and used to

- What's wrong with Mandy? She _____ such a confident girl.
A get used to be B used to be C be used to D getting used to
- My grandparents _____ have a small shop in town.
A get used to B used to C be used to D getting used to
- How long did it take for you to _____ speaking French?
A be used to B get used to C used to D use to
- I'm not upset because I _____ Mark's bad behaviour.
A used to B get used to C am used to D use to
- It took me months to _____ driving in the city.
A get used to B used to C be use to D using to
- Did Dan _____ write for the college magazine?
A get used to B use to C be used to D used to
- You'll have to _____ training every morning.
A used to B be used to C get used to D use to
- I didn't like waking up early at first, but now I _____ it.
A used to B am used to C use to D getting used to
- We _____ live near the beach when I was a child.
A get used to B use to C used to D be used to
- She is _____ working long hours now.
A use to B get used to C used to D used

Grammar Adverbs and Adverbial Phrases

- He's good at solving problems in a _____ way.
A creative B creativity C creatively D creation
- She smiled at us in a very _____ way.
A friend B friendliness C friendly D friends
- We solved the puzzle without any _____.
A difficult B difficulty C difficultly D difficulties
- She reacted to the news in a _____ way.
A surprise B surprisingly C surprising D surprised
- I went along reluctantly and without _____.
A enthusiastic B enthusiasm C enthusiast D enthusiastically
- Our dog always greets guests in a _____ way.
A friend B friendliness C friendly D friendship
- She translated the message without _____.
A difficult B difficulty C difficultly D difficulties
- The teacher explained everything in a very _____ way.
A clearly B clear C clarity D clearing
- He answered the questions with great _____.
A confident B confidence C confidently D confide
- They completed the project with a lot of _____.
A creative B creativity C create D creatively

UNIT 5**Vocabulary Technology (Nouns)**

- We use a _____ during online classes so the teacher can see us.
A plug B charger C webcam D headset

2. A _____ lets you listen to things on your computer.
A webcam B charger C headset D router
3. A _____ allows you to video yourself when on your computer.
A headset B webcam C plug D charger
4. I need a new _____ because my phone battery is dead.
A charger B webcam C router D headset
5. A _____ connects your device to the electricity supply.
A charger B router C webcam D plug
6. A _____ gives your device battery more power.
A charger B headset C plug D webcam
7. A _____ lets you connect to the internet.
A webcam B wireless router C headset D charger
8. My computer can't connect to the internet because the _____ is broken.
A headset B webcam C router D plug
9. I use a _____ to talk to my friends while gaming.
A headset B charger C webcam D router
10. Please connect the _____ to the wall socket.
A plug B webcam C charger D router

Vocabulary Technology (Verbs)

1. Please _____ your phone charger before the battery dies.
A stream B browse C plug in D save
2. I spend far too much time _____ the internet instead of working.
A streaming B upgrading C browsing D saving
3. You can't _____ your charger here.
A browse B plug in C stream D upgrade
4. I need to _____ my laptop because it's too old.
A save B browse C upgrade D stream
5. She likes to _____ the internet for new recipes.
A stream B browse C plug D upgrade
6. Occasionally you will get messages telling you to _____ your operating system.
A browse B stream C upgrade D save
7. Always remember to _____ your work.
A browse B stream C save D plug
8. Trying to _____ video is really frustrating with slow wi-fi.
A save B stream C upgrade D browse
9. Don't forget to _____ your file before closing the program.
A save B stream C browse D plug
10. My brother spends hours _____ videos online.
A browsing B upgrading C streaming D plugging

Grammar Obligation, Permission, and Prohibition

1. My brother gave me his mobile, so I _____ buy a new one.
A must B don't have to C shouldn't D mustn't
2. You _____ look at a screen before bed if you want to sleep well.
A shouldn't B must C can D don't have to
3. You _____ bring your laptop tomorrow if you want.
A can B must C shouldn't D mustn't

4. I _____ remember to buy a protective case for my laptop.
A shouldn't B must C mustn't D can't
5. Students _____ bring mobile devices to exams.
A should B can C mustn't D don't have to
6. You _____ wear a headset because everyone can hear your webchat.
A should B don't have to C mustn't D can't
7. You _____ use your phone during the lesson.
A should B can C mustn't D have to
8. We _____ finish the project by tomorrow.
A must B shouldn't C don't have to D can't
9. You _____ be polite to your teachers.
A should B mustn't C can't D don't have to
10. Students _____ run in the hallways.
A should B mustn't C can D have to

UNIT 5**Grammar Necessity**

1. I _____ so much money with me because the tickets were cheaper than I expected.
A didn't need to bring B needn't have brought C shouldn't bring D mustn't have brought
2. We took umbrellas, but it never rained. We _____ them.
A didn't need to take B needn't have taken C shouldn't take D mustn't take
3. We thought the house was on fire, but everything was okay. We _____.
A didn't need to worry B needn't have worried C shouldn't worry D mustn't worry
4. Dad already fixed the computer, so I _____ mine.
A needn't have repaired B didn't need to repair C mustn't repair D shouldn't repair
5. He had lots of time before the plane left, so he _____.
A needn't have hurried B didn't need to hurry C shouldn't hurry D mustn't hurry
6. I _____ my homework last night because the teacher is ill today.
A didn't need to finish B needn't have finished C mustn't finish D shouldn't finish
7. I knew we had enough food, so I _____ shopping.
A needn't have gone B didn't need to go C shouldn't go D mustn't go
8. We arrived early, so we _____.
A needn't have rushed B didn't need to rush C shouldn't rush D mustn't rush
9. She bought extra batteries, but she _____ them.
A didn't need to use B needn't have bought C shouldn't buy D mustn't buy
10. I studied all night, but the exam was easy. I _____ so much.
A didn't need to study B needn't have studied C shouldn't study D mustn't study

Grammar Ability In The Past

1. We finally succeeded in _____ to the wi-fi.
A connect B connected C connecting D connection
2. Did you manage _____ Tim's laptop?
A repair B repaired C repairing D to repair
3. Were you able _____ the homework on time?
A finish B finished C finishing D to finish
4. We couldn't _____ to the internet during the storm.
A connect B connected C connecting D connection

5. I _____ speak French quite well by the time I was twelve.
A can B could C managed D succeed
6. We weren't _____ get tickets for the concert.
A manage to B succeeded in C able to D could
7. I didn't succeed in _____ my devices last night.
A syncing B sync C synced D to sync
8. She finally managed _____ the difficult test.
A pass B passed C passing D to pass
9. I _____ swim when I was five years old.
A managed B could C succeeded D able
10. They succeeded in _____ the broken computer.
A fix B fixed C fixing D to fixing

UNIT 6**Vocabulary Ways Of Speaking**

1. define → _____ A definement B definition C defining D definite
2. admit → _____ A admission B admittance C admitted D admittance
3. suggest → _____ A suggestive B suggestion C suggesting D suggestionment
4. criticise → _____ A criticism B critic C critical D criticise
5. introduce → _____ A introduction B introducing C introductory D introduce
6. explain → _____ A explanation B explaining C explainer D explanation
7. describe → _____ A descriptive B description C describing D description
8. decide → _____ A decision B deciding C decisive D decidement
9. discuss → _____ A discussion B discussing C discussment D discussed
10. inform → _____ A information B informative C informing D informance

Vocabulary Ways Of Speaking

1. "A teacher is someone who helps students learn."
A suggestion B criticism C definition D introduction
2. "You never clean your room!"
A criticism B admission C introduction D suggestion
3. "I didn't revise for the last Maths test."
A suggestion B criticism C admission D definition
4. "Please meet my friend, Kim."
A introduction B criticism C admission D definition
5. "I broke the window."
A admission B criticism C definition D suggestion
6. "He's very lazy."
A admission B criticism C suggestion D introduction
7. "Why don't you try the pasta?"
A definition B criticism C introduction D suggestion
8. "Tired is when you want to sleep."
A criticism B suggestion C definition D admission
9. "You should study harder."
A suggestion B definition C introduction D criticism
10. "This is my cousin, Anna."
A criticism B definition C introduction D admission

Vocabulary Friendship Idioms

- After the argument, they needed to _____ the air.
A bury B clear C get D fall
- My cousins _____ out over a football game.
A buried B got C fell D cleared
- Jake and Liam really _____ on well.
A bury B clear C get D join
- After years of arguing, they finally _____ the hatchet.
A buried B cleared C joined D got
- My brother has _____ out with his best friend.
A buried B fallen C joined D cleared
- They normally _____ on like a house on fire.
A bury B clear C get D joined
- They have always been _____ at the hip.
A buried B joined C fallen D clear
- I think they should _____ the air.
A bury B clear C get D joined
- They should _____ the hatchet.
A join B bury C clear D fall
- Sarah and Emily are always together. They are _____ at the hip.
A buried B joined C fallen D cleared

Grammar Comparatives

- My brother is _____ as tall as my dad now.
A nowhere B nearly C much D far
- She's _____ better at singing than I am.
A nowhere B lot C much D near
- It's not _____ as warm today as yesterday.
A near B nowhere C nearly D lot
- It's _____ cheaper to travel by train.
A far B lot C near D nowhere
- This book is _____ more interesting than the last one.
A much B nowhere C nearly D just
- The people here are _____ as friendly as in my hometown.
A much B just C nowhere D far
- You're _____ near as clever as me.
A nowhere B nearly C a lot D far
- My new phone is _____ better than my old one.
A much B near C nowhere D nearly
- The exam was not _____ as difficult as I expected.
A nowhere B much C nearly D lot
- Today is _____ colder than yesterday.
A far B nowhere C near D nearly

Comparatives "... and ..."

- She's getting _____ at playing the guitar.
A better and better B more good C best and best D good and good
- It's becoming _____ to get a good job.
A harder and harder B hardest and hardest C more hard D hard and hard

3. He's becoming _____ at maths.
A good and good B better and better C best and best D more good
4. The city is getting _____ every year. A crowded and crowded
B more and more crowded C crowdeder and crowdeder D most crowded
5. Everything gets _____ every year.
A expensive and expensive B more and more expensive
C expensiver and expensiver D most expensive
6. Their band is becoming _____.
A popular and popular B more popular and more popular
C most popular D popularer and popularer
7. I'm feeling _____ every day.
A bad and bad B worse and worse C more bad D badly and badly
8. English is becoming _____ for her.
A easy and easy B easier and easier C easiest and easiest D more easy
9. The movie became _____ as it continued.
A exciting and exciting B more and more exciting
C excited and excited D most exciting
10. The weather is getting _____.
A cold and cold B colder and colder C more cold D coldest and coldest

“The..., the...” Comparatives

1. _____ he exercises, the healthier he becomes.
A More B The more C Most D Much
2. _____ the weather gets, the happier she is.
A The hottest B The hotter C Hotter D More hot
3. _____ the music was, the more excited the crowd became.
A Loud B Louder C The louder D Loudest
4. _____ I get, the more impatient I become.
A Older B The older C Oldest D More old
5. _____ she studied, the more confident she felt.
A More hard B Harder C The harder D Hardest
6. _____ anxious she became, the faster she drove.
A The more B More C Most D The most
7. _____ we waited, the more bored we got.
A Long B Longer C The longer D Longest
8. _____ I studied, the more confused I got.
A Hard B Harder C The harder D Hardest
9. _____ you practise, the better you become.
A More B The more C Most D More and more
10. _____ the movie was, the more people enjoyed it.
A Funny B Funnier C The funniest D The funnier

Grammar Linkers Of Contrast

1. I stayed awake for the whole film _____ I was exhausted.
A despite B even though C however D nevertheless
2. It was hard work. _____, we finished it in time.
A Although B Nevertheless C Despite D However of
3. All my friends thought it was brilliant. _____, I disagreed.
A However B In spite of C Despite D Although of

4. He studied hard. _____, he failed the exam.
A Although B However C Despite D In spite of
5. _____ being nervous, she gave a great presentation.
A Although B Despite C However D Nevertheless
6. _____ their difference in age, they got on very well.
A Although B In spite of C However D Nevertheless
7. _____ he's very rich, he never gives money to charity.
A However B Although C Despite D In spite
8. _____ the rain, we still played football.
A However B In spite of C Although D Nevertheless of
9. I enjoyed the trip _____ the bad weather.
A despite B however C although of D nevertheless
10. _____ she was tired, she finished her homework.
A Despite B Although C However D In spite

UNIT 7

Vocabulary Phrases To Talk About The Future

1. My parents are _____ Canada next week.
A due to B about to C off to D on point of
2. The concert is _____ start at 8 pm.
A due to B off to C about to D on the point
3. He was _____ answering when the teacher interrupted him.
A due to B about to C off to D on the point of
4. We're _____ arrive at 10 am.
A about to B off to C due to D on the point of
5. Daniel was _____ leaving when he got a call.
A due to B on the point of C off to D about to
6. Where are you _____ this summer?
A about to B due to C off to D on the point of
7. She looks like she's _____ burst into tears.
A due to B off to C about to D on the point of
8. I'm _____ giving up on this project.
A due to B about to C off to D on the point of
9. The train is _____ leave in five minutes.
A due to B off to C about to D on the point
10. We were _____ go inside when it started raining.
A off to B about to C due to D point of

Vocabulary Feelings About Future Events

1. I don't know why I'm getting so _____ up about it.
A worked B positive C nightmare D feeling
2. I know all my lines, so I should be feeling quite _____.
A nightmare B positive C dreading D worked
3. Stop getting so _____ up about the situation.
A nightmare B feeling C worked D positive
4. I'm trying to stay _____ about my interview.
A nightmare B dreading C positive D worked
5. I just have a bad _____ about the whole thing.
A nightmare B worked C feeling D positive

6. Most of the cast are excited, but I'm absolutely _____ it.
A positive B worked C nightmare D dreading
7. What if I freeze in front of the audience? That would be a _____!
A worked B positive C dreading D nightmare
8. I have a bad _____ that something will go wrong.
A nightmare B feeling C worked D positive
9. She's really _____ the final exam tomorrow.
A positive B nightmare C dreading D worked
10. Failing the test would be a complete _____.
A positive B nightmare C worked D feeling

Grammar Ways Of Referring To The Future

1. What time _____ tomorrow?
A the train leaves B will leave the train C leaves the train D does leave
2. I'm sure you _____ your exam.
A pass B are passing C will pass D passed
3. I have to take Biology because I _____ study medicine at college.
A will B am going to C am D do
4. Hurry up! Our plane _____ in half an hour.
A is going to take off B takes off C will taking off D taking off
5. She thinks the show _____ a disaster.
A is being B will be C is D going to
6. We _____ lunch in the square today.
A will have B are having C have D having
7. What _____ when the exam results are posted?
A do you do B will you do C are you doing D you do
8. I think it _____ rain later tonight.
A is B will C going to D does
9. They _____ dinner with us tomorrow evening.
A are having B have C will having D going have
10. Look at those clouds! It _____ storm.
A will B is going to C does D is

Grammar Future Continuous

1. You _____ so bad by tomorrow morning.
A won't feeling B won't be feeling C aren't feeling D not be feeling
2. I _____ of you when you're at the doctor's.
A think B will thinking C 'll be thinking D am think
3. What _____ at 8 o'clock tomorrow?
A will you doing B will you be doing C are you do D you will doing
4. Sadly, John _____ for dinner on Sunday.
A won't coming B won't be coming C isn't be coming D not coming
5. _____ us for dinner this evening?
A Will Tom joining B Tom will be joining C Will Tom be joining D Is Tom join
6. This time tomorrow, we _____ on the beach.
A relax B will relaxing C will be relaxing D relaxing
7. I _____ my homework all evening tonight.
A will be doing B do C will doing D am be doing

8. At 10 pm tonight, they _____ the concert.
 A will watching B will be watching C watching D are watch
9. She _____ at the office tomorrow morning.
 A will working B works C will be working D is work
10. _____ you _____ the match tonight?
 A Will / be watching B Will / watching C Are / watch D Do / watching

Grammar Future Perfect

1. Do you think Steve _____ dinner for us when we get home?
 A will have cooked B will cooked C has cooked D cooking
2. We _____ all the food before the guests arrive.
 A will have prepared B prepare C prepared D will preparing
3. By the time you arrive, I _____ my homework.
 A finish B finished C will have finished D will finishing
4. How much rain _____ here by the end of this year?
 A will have fallen B will fallen C has fall D falls
5. By 2030, they _____ a new hospital in the city.
 A build B will built C will have built D have build
6. He still _____ all the money by the time he's 65.
 A won't have spent B won't spent C doesn't spend D haven't spent
7. Scientists _____ cures for every disease before the end of this century.
 A will found B will have found C found D have finding
8. How many cities _____ by the end of your European tour?
 A will you visited B will you have visited C have you visit D will visited
9. By next year, I _____ English for ten years.
 A will studied B will have studied C studied D studying
10. She _____ the project before Friday.
 A will have finished B will finished C finishes D finish